

St. Hugh's Catholic Primary School
MFL Progression Map

Strand	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
<p>Speaking and Listening</p>	<p>To repeat words/simple phrases modelled by a teacher; listen and show understanding of single words/simple phrases through physical response</p> <p>To listen and identify rhyming words and particular sounds in songs and rhymes</p> <p>To answer and begin to ask some familiar questions using simple, rehearsed language and including opinions</p> <p>To name objects and actions and link words with a simple connective To name nouns and present a rehearsed simple statement</p> <p>To join in with actions and words to accompany familiar songs, stories and rhymes</p>	<p>To listen and show understanding of longer sentences through physical response</p> <p>To listen and identify words in songs and rhymes and demonstrate understanding</p> <p>To ask and answer several simple and familiar questions with a rehearsed response including opinions and simple justifications</p> <p>To use familiar vocabulary to say simple sentences using a language scaffold</p> <p>To make simple rehearsed statements about themselves, objects and people</p> <p>To say a simple rhyme from memory; join in with words of a song or storytelling</p>	<p>To listen and show understanding of more complex familiar sentences</p> <p>To follow the text of familiar rhymes and songs identifying the meaning of words</p> <p>To ask and answer more complex familiar questions with a scaffold of responses</p> <p>To use familiar vocabulary to say more complex sentences using a language scaffold</p> <p>To use a language scaffold to present information and descriptions in simple sentences using familiar and rehearsed language</p> <p>To follow the simple text of a familiar song or story and sing or read aloud</p>	<p>To listen and show understanding of more complex sentences containing familiar words and gist with unfamiliar words</p> <p>To read the text of familiar rhymes and songs and identify patterns of language and link sound to spelling</p> <p>To engage in a short conversation using familiar questions and express opinions. Ask for clarification and help</p> <p>To manipulate language to create and say sentence of own choice using familiar language</p> <p>To manipulate language using a language scaffold to present their own ideas and information in more complex sentences</p> <p>To follow a more complex text of a familiar song or story and read aloud; read and understand the gist of an unfamiliar text using familiar language</p>
<p>Reading and Writing</p>	<p>To read and recognise familiar words using knowledge of phonemes and pronounce when modelled, observing silent letter rules</p> <p>To read and show understanding of familiar single words and simple phrases</p> <p>To use strategies for memorisation of vocabulary; be familiar with the layout of a bi-lingual dictionary</p> <p>To write and say familiar words and simple phrases to describe people,</p>	<p>To read and pronounce familiar words accurately using knowledge of phonemes; observing silent letter rules</p> <p>To read and show understanding of familiar longer sentences</p> <p>To use context to predict the meaning of new words; use a bi-lingual dictionary to find the meaning of individual words in the target language and English</p>	<p>To start to predict the pronunciation of unfamiliar words in a sentence using knowledge of phonemes; liaison and silent letter rules</p> <p>To read and show understanding of a complex sentence using familiar language</p> <p>To use context and prior knowledge to determine the meaning of words; use a bi-lingual dictionary to identify the word class</p>	<p>To predict the pronunciation of unfamiliar words, with increasing accuracy, in a series of sentences</p> <p>To read and show understanding of a series of complex sentences using familiar language</p> <p>To use a bi-lingual dictionary to find the meaning of words in a written material and understand their meaning in its context</p> <p>To write and say a complex sentence manipulating familiar language to</p>

St. Hugh's Catholic Primary School
MFL Progression Map

	places, things and actions using a model To write single familiar words from memory with understandable accuracy	To write and say a sentence to describe people, places, things and actions using a language scaffold To write simple familiar short phrases/sentences from memory with understandable accuracy	To write and say longer sentences to describe people, places, things and actions using a language scaffold To write familiar longer sentences from memory with understandable accuracy	describe people, places, things and actions; maybe using a dictionary To write familiar long/complex sentences from memory changing words to create new sentences with understandable accuracy
Grammar	To be aware of the form of word classes – nouns, adjectives [including agreement with masculine and feminine singular], adverbs, verbs [including the imperative] and connectives, definite and indefinite articles [singular and plural] and be aware of similarities in English	To name the gender of nouns To name the words for the indefinite article for both genders and use correctly To say how to make the plural form of nouns To name the 1 st and 2 nd person pronouns To use the correct form of regular and high frequency verbs in the present tense with 1 st and 2 nd person pronouns To state the position of most adjectives and demonstrate use To use sentences in the negative form To construct a simple sentence with a noun, verb and adjective To state the differences and similarities with English To use connectives and prepositions	To explain the agreement of adjectives and nouns and demonstrate use To be aware of the position of some adjectives in front of a noun To use the correct form of 3 rd person singular (plural) of regular and high frequency verbs To name the words for the definite article and use correctly To explain the agreement of possessive pronouns with the linked noun and demonstrate use To apply correct rules of use when combining prepositions + articles [eg: Fr. De + le = du/Sp. De + el = del] To construct more complex sentences To make a positive sentence negative To explain and use elision To state the differences and similarities with English	To demonstrate the knowledge and use of grammar in sentences: word classes, gender of nouns, definite article (and elision) and indefinite article, plural of nouns, 1 st , 2 nd and 3 rd person pronouns with regular and high frequency verbs in present tense To use reflexive verbs and the imperfect form, the position and agreement of adjectives, negatives, the construction of simple and complex sentences To state the differences and similarities with English